

Processingjs.org

Click Sketchpad.cc in right column

Click create new sketch button

Scroll to bottom of text on left

Click the last line

Hold backspace down to delete all the text OR

Select all the text and delete it

On left-hand side text area, ENTER the following. Text you type will be in a box.

```
size(300,300);  
line(0,0,200,200);
```

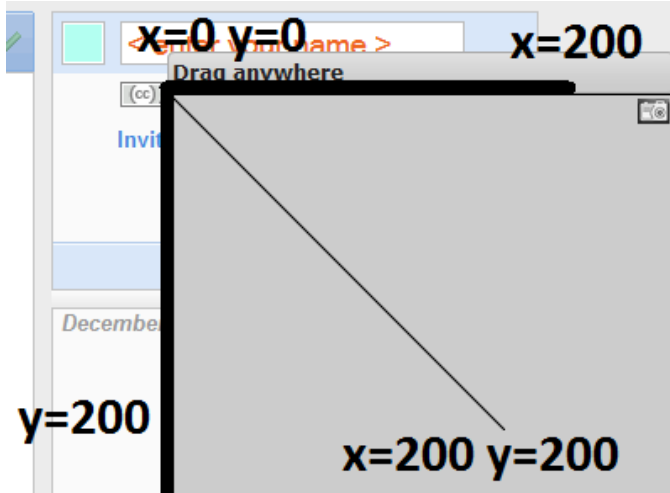


Click to run a program.



Click to stop a program.

Running program looks like this.



Lines preceded by // are termed "comments" and can be omitted when typing the program.

```
size(300,300);  
line(0,0,200,200);  
//Red Green Blue amount, each 0 to 255  
fill(255,0,0);  
stroke(0,255,0);  
//brush stroke width in screen dots  
strokeWeight(4);  
ellipse(100,100,150,50);
```

The names mouseX and mouseY represent the current X and Y values of the cursor location. Type the next program then move the mouse around the window with the rectangle.

[Processing.js](#) : [Reference](#) / [Code search](#) / [Settings](#) / [Examples](#)

Click Reference or Examples to learn more!!

Drag anywhere



```
size(300,300);  
void draw() {  
  rect(mouseX, mouseY,100,50);  
}
```

Try this variation. What's the difference?

```
size(300,300);  
void draw() {  
  background(255,255,0);  
  fill(0,0,255);  
  rect(mouseX, mouseY,100,50);  
}
```

Drag anywhere



Why does the movement stop at the top and left?

```
size(300,300);  
int i = 0;  
void draw() {  
  // % is remainder on division  
  i = (i + 1) % 300;  
  line(i,0,300,i);  
}
```

What does the above program draw? Why?

```
size(300,300);  
int velocityX=2, velocityY=3;  
int x=100, y=100;  
void draw() {  
  ellipse(x, y, 50, 50);  
  x = x + velocityX;  
  y = y + velocityY;  
  if (x < 0) velocityX = -velocityX;  
  if (y < 0) velocityY = -velocityY;  
  if (x > 300) velocityX = -velocityX;  
  if (y > 300) velocityY = -velocityY;  
}
```

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